Monaleen N.S.

Anti-bullying Policy



Anti-Bullying Policy

Introductory Statement:

This is our up to date Anti-Bullying Policy, which is reviewed annually and updated as required.

Rationale:

In accordance with the requirements of the Education (Welfare) Act 2000 and the Code of Behaviour guidelines issued by the NEWB, the Board of Management of Monaleen National School has adopted the following anti-bullying policy within the framework of the school's overall code of behaviour. This policy was drafted in August 2014 to comply fully with the requirements of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools which were published in September 2013. It has been reviewed annually and has been updated regularly to reflect required changes.

Relationship to School Ethos:

Monaleen N.S. is an inclusive school committed to the holistic education of all of our pupils. The health, safety and wellbeing of all our pupils and staff are of paramount importance.

Overview:

The Board of Management recognises the very serious nature of bullying and the negative impact that it can have on the lives of pupils and is therefore fully committed to the following **key principles of best practice** in preventing and tackling bullying behaviour:

(a) A positive school culture and climate which

- is welcoming of difference and diversity and is based on inclusivity;
- encourages pupils to disclose and discuss incidents of bullying behaviour in a non-threatening environment; and
- promotes respectful relationships across the school community;

(b) Effective leadership

- (c) A school-wide approach
- (d) A shared understanding of what bullying is and its impact
- (e) Implementation of education and prevention strategies (including awareness raising measures) that-
 - build empathy, respect and resilience in pupils; and
 - explicitly address the issues of cyber-bullying and identity-based bullying including in particular, homophobic and transphobic bullying;

- (f) Effective supervision and monitoring of pupils
- (g) Supports for staff
- (h) Consistent recording, investigation and follow up of bullying behaviour (including use of established intervention strategies); and
- (i) On-going evaluation of the effectiveness of the anti-bullying policy.

Definition of Bullying

In accordance with the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools* bullying is defined as follows:

Bullying is unwanted negative behaviour, verbal, psychological or physical conducted by an individual or group against another person (or persons) and which is repeated over time.

The following types of bullying behaviour are included in the definition of bullying:

- deliberate exclusion, malicious gossip and other forms of relational bullying,
- cyber-bullying and
- Identity based bullying **Including any of the nine discriminatory grounds mentioned in Equality Legislation** (gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community).

Isolated or once-off incidents of intentional negative behaviour, including a once-off offensive or hurtful text message or other private message, do not fall within the definition of bullying and should be dealt with, as appropriate, in accordance with the school's Code of Behaviour.

However, in the context of this policy, placing a once-off offensive or hurtful public message, image or statement on a social network site or other public forum where that message, image or statement can be viewed and/or repeated by other people will be regarded as bullying behaviour.

Negative behaviour that does not meet this definition of bullying will be dealt with in accordance with the school's Code of Behaviour.

Additional information on different types of bullying is set out in Section 2 of the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools*.

Examples of Bullying:

The list of examples below is non exhaustive, and the school may amend it during the yearly review.

Examples of bullying behaviours

General behaviours which apply to all types of bullying Bullying Harassment based on any of the nine grounds in the equality legislation e.g. sexual harassment, homophobic bullying, racist bullying etc. Physical aggression Damage to property Name calling Slagging

| | The production, display or circulation of written words, pictures or other materials aimed at intimidating another person Offensive graffiti Extortion Intimidation Insulting or offensive gestures The "look" Invasion of personal space A combination of any of the types listed. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Cyber | Denigration: Spreading rumors, lies or gossip to hurt a person's reputation |
| Cybei | Harassment: Continually sending vicious, mean or |
| | disturbing messages to an individual |
| | Impersonation: Posting offensive or aggressive messages |
| | under another person's name |
| | • Flaming: Using inflammatory or vulgar words to provoke an |
| | online fight |
| | Trickery: Fooling someone into sharing personal |
| | information which you then post online |
| | Outing: Posting or sharing confidential or compromising |
| | information or images |
| | • Exclusion : Purposefully excluding someone from an online group |
| | • Cyber stalking: Ongoing harassment and denigration that |
| | causes a person considerable fear for his/her safety |
| | • Silent telephone/mobile phone call |
| | Abusive telephone/mobile phone calls |
| | Abusive text messages |
| | Abusive email |
| | Abusive communication on social networks e.g. |
| | Facebook/Ask.fm/ Twitter/You Tube or on games consoles |
| | Abusive website comments/Blogs/Pictures |
| | Abusive posts on any form of communication technology |
| Identity Based Behaviour | S |

Including any of the nine discriminatory grounds mentioned in Equality Legislation (gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community).

| Homophobic and Transgender | Spreading rumours about a person's sexual orientation Taunting a person of a different sexual orientation Name calling e.g. Gay, queer, lesbianused in a derogatory manner Physical intimidation or attacks Threats |
|--|---|
| Race, nationality, ethnic background and membership of | Discrimination, prejudice, comments or insults about colour, nationality, culture, social class, religious beliefs, ethnic or traveller background Exclusion on the basis of any of the above |

| the Traveller community | |
|---|---|
| Relational | This involves manipulating relationships as a means of bullying. Behaviours include: Malicious gossip Isolation & exclusion Ignoring Excluding from the group Taking someone's friends away "Bitching" Spreading rumours Breaking confidence Talking loud enough so that the victim can hear The "look" Use or terminology such as 'nerd' in a derogatory way |
| Sexual | Unwelcome or inappropriate sexual comments or touching Harassment |
| Special Educational Needs, Disability | Name calling Taunting others because of their disability or learning needs Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to recognise and defend themselves against bullying Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to understand social situations and social cues. Mimicking a person's disability Setting others up for ridicule |

Roles and Responsibilities:

All staff members share in the co-ordination and implementation of this policy.

Relevant teacher:

The relevant teachers for investigating and dealing with bullying are as follows: (see Section 6.8 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools):

6.8.3.In these procedures, the members of teaching staff who has responsibility for investigating and dealing with bullying is referred to as the relevant teacher. At primary level the relevant teacher will normally be the class teacher.

6.8.4. It is not necessary to specify the relevant teachers by name in the policy so long as it is sufficiently clear to all which teachers in the school have this responsibility.

Our relevant teachers are all members of the teaching staff along with the Principal and the Deputy Principal.

Education and Prevention:

The education and prevention strategies (including strategies specifically aimed at cyberbullying, homophobic and transphobic bullying) that will be used by the school are as follows (see Section 6.5 of the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools*):

School-wide approach

- A school-wide approach to the fostering of respect for all members of the school community.
- The promotion of the value of diversity to address issues of prejudice and stereotyping, and highlight the unacceptability of bullying behaviour.
- The fostering and enhancing of the self-esteem of all our pupils through both curricular and extracurricular activities. Pupils will be provided with opportunities to develop a positive sense of self-worth through formal and informal interactions.
- Whole staff professional development on bullying to ensure that all staff develops an awareness of
 what bullying is, how it impacts on pupils' lives and the need to respond to it-prevention and
 intervention.
- An annual audit of professional development needs with a view to assessing staff requirements through internal staff knowledge/expertise and external sources such as Restorative Practice and Zeeko (for online bullying)
- School wide awareness raising and training on all aspects of bullying, to include pupils, parent(s)/guardian(s) and the wider school community. This is done through curricular teaching, themed 'Wellbeing Weeks', Internet safety children and parent talks, guest speakers etc.
- Supervision and monitoring of classrooms, corridors, school grounds, school tours and extracurricular activities. Non-teaching and ancillary staff will be encouraged to be vigilant and report issues to relevant teachers. Supervision will also apply to monitoring student use of communication technology within the school.
- Involvement of all students in contributing to a safe school environment e.g. Buddy bench, mentoring, Guided Reading pals when senior classes are paired with junior classes for paired reading and other student support activities that can help to support pupils and encourage a culture of peer respect and support.
- Development and promotion of an Anti-Bullying code for the school-to be included in student journals from September 2014 and displayed publicly in classrooms and in common areas of the school.
- The school's anti-bullying policy is discussed with pupils regularly and all parent(s)/guardian(s)s are directed to the published policy along with the Code of Behaviour of the school upon enrolment and when issues arise. The discussions with pupils arise during curriculum teaching as well as when inter-personal difficulties arise, with discussions both in the classroom and in the office (when the Deputy Principal or Principal may intervene in an arbitration, restorative or disciplinary capacity).
- The implementation of regular whole school awareness measures such as Wellbeing Weeks and Kindness Committee Activities, with noticeboards in the halla and in classrooms regularly used to focus on the promotion of friendship, positive relationships and bullying prevention; regular school or year group assemblies hosted by Principal, Deputy Principal will also reference awareness of our strong anti-bullying culture.
- We encourage a culture of telling, with particular emphasis on the importance of bystanders. In that way pupils will gain confidence in 'telling'. This confidence factor is of vital importance. It should be made clear to all pupils that when they report incidents of bullying they are not considered to be telling tales but are behaving responsibly by refusing to allow a peer to be bullied.

- Ensuring that pupils/parents/guardians know who to tell and how to tell, e.g.:
 - o Direct approach to the teacher at an appropriate time, for example after class.
 - o Hand note up discreetly, e.g. with homework.
 - o Approach a trusted teacher in the school.
 - o Suggestion box.
 - o Get a parent(s)/guardian(s) or friend to tell on your behalf.
 - o Ensure bystanders understand the importance of telling if they witness or know that bullying is taking place.
- Parents are encouraged to contact the school and the teacher, either by phone, by email or by arranging a meeting to discuss any bullying concerns.
- The Acceptable Use Policy is continuously reviewed to ensure that the access to technology within the school is strictly monitored, as is the pupils' use of mobile phones (see our Mobile Devices Policy). Children are educated on internet safety on an annual basis to deliver a comprehensive program.
- Some staff are trained in 'Friends for Life', which will be implemented as required.

Implementation of curriculum

- The full implementation of the SPHE Curriculum, the RSE and Stay Safe Programmes with reminder at staff meetings, and progress recorded in Cúntais Mhíosúla (Monthly Progress Reports).
- Continuous Professional Development for staff in delivering these programmes is encouraged.
- School wide delivery of lessons on bullying from evidence based programmes, eg Stay Safe
 Programme, The Walk Tall Programme, Weaving Wellbeing. All these resources are available to
 teachers in every class.
- Resources available for lessons on **Relational aggression**, **Cyber Bullying** (Be Safe-, Web wise Primary teachers' resources), **Diversity and Interculturalism**, Yellow Flag Programme available on racism. The S.P.H.E programme, Weaving Wellbeing and Friends for Life programme are also available.
- The school will specifically consider the additional needs of SEN pupils with regard to programme implementation and the development of skills and strategies to enable all pupils to respond appropriately.
- The school invites 'Internet Safety' experts to come in every year to teach cyber safety to the children.

Links to other policies

Code of Behaviour, Child Protection Policy, Supervision of pupils, Acceptable Use Policy, Attendance Policy, Extra-Curricular Activities Policy, Mobile Devices Policy

Investigation of Bullying

The school's procedures for investigation, follow-up and recording of bullying behaviour and the established intervention strategies used by the school for dealing with cases of bullying behaviour are as follows (see Section 6.8 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools):

6.8.9. Procedures for Investigating and Dealing with Bullying

The primary aim in investigating and dealing with bullying is to resolve any issues and to restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved (rather than to apportion blame);

The school's procedures must be consistent with the following approach.

Every effort will be made to ensure that all involved (including pupils, parent(s)/guardian(s) understand this approach from the outset.

Reporting bullying behaviour

- Any pupil or parent(s)/guardian(s) may bring a bullying incident to any teacher in the school.
- All reports, including anonymous reports of bullying, will be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher.
- Teaching and non-teaching staff such as secretaries, special needs assistants (SNAs), bus escorts, caretakers, cleaners must report any incidents of bullying behaviour witnessed by them, or mentioned to them, to the relevant teacher;

Investigating and dealing with incidents: Style of approach (see section 6.8.9)

- In investigating and dealing with bullying, the (relevant)teacher will exercise his/her professional
 judgement to determine whether bullying has occurred and how best the situation might be
 resolved;
- Parent(s)/guardian(s) and pupils are required to co-operate with any investigation and assist the school in resolving any issues and restoring, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved as quickly as possible;
- Teachers should take a calm, unemotional problem-solving approach.
- Where possible incidents should be investigated outside the classroom situation to ensure the privacy of all involved;
- All interviews should be conducted with sensitivity and with due regard to the rights of all pupils
 concerned. Pupils who are not directly involved can also provide very useful information in this
 way;
- When analysing incidents of bullying behaviour, the relevant teacher should seek answers to questions of what, where, when, who and why. This should be done in a calm manner, setting an example in dealing effectively with a conflict in a non-aggressive manner;
- If a group is involved, each member should be interviewed individually at first. Thereafter, all those involved should be met as a group. At the group meeting, each member should be asked for his/her account of what happened to ensure that everyone in the group is clear about each other's statements;
- Each member of a group should be supported through the possible pressures that may face them
 from the other members of the group after the interview by the teacher;
 It may also be appropriate or helpful to ask those involved to write down their account of the
 incident(s)
- In cases where it has been determined by the relevant teacher that bullying behaviour has occurred, the parent(s)/guardian(s) of the parties involved should be contacted at an early stage to inform them of the matter and explain the actions being taken (by reference to the school policy). The

- school should give parent(s)/guardian(s) an opportunity of discussing ways in which they can reinforce or support the actions being taken by the school and the supports provided to the pupils;
- Where the relevant teacher has determined that a pupil has been engaged in bullying behaviour, it should be made clear to him/her how he/she is in breach of the school's anti-bullying policy and efforts should be made to try to get him/her to see the situation from the perspective of the pupil being bullied;
- It must also be made clear to all involved (each set of pupils and parent(s)/guardian(s)) that in any situation where disciplinary sanctions are required, this is a private matter between the pupil being disciplined, his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) and the school;

Follow up and recording

- In determining whether a bullying case has been adequately and appropriately addressed the
 relevant teacher must, as part of his/her professional judgement, take the following factors into
 account:
 - Whether the bullying behaviour has ceased;
 - Whether any issues between the parties have been resolved as far as is practicable;
 - Whether the relationships between the parties have been restored as far as is practicable;
 - Any feedback received from the parties involved, their parent(s)/guardian(s)s or the school Principal or Deputy Principal
- Follow-up meetings with the relevant parties involved should be arranged separately with a view
 to possibly bringing them together at a later date if the pupil who has been bullied is ready and
 agreeable.
- Where a parent(s)/guardian(s) is not satisfied that the school has dealt with a bullying case in accordance with these procedures, the parent(s)/guardian(s) must be referred, as appropriate, to the school's complaints procedures.
- In the event that a parent(s)/guardian(s) has exhausted the school's complaints procedures and is still not satisfied, the school must advise the parent(s)/guardian(s) of their right to make a complaint to the Ombudsman for Children.

Recording of bullving behaviour

It is imperative that all recording of bullying incidents must be done in an objective and factual manner.

The school's procedures for noting and reporting bullying behaviour are as follows:

Informal- pre-determination that bullying has occurred

- All staff must keep a written record of any incidents witnessed by them or notified to them. Records
 will be kept in the teacher's Duty Book or Class Diary. All incidents must be reported to the relevant
 teacher
- While all reports, including anonymous reports of bullying must be investigated and dealt with by the
 relevant teacher, the relevant teacher must keep a written record of the reports, the actions taken and
 any discussions with those involved regarding same
- The relevant teacher must inform the Principal of all incidents being investigated.

Formal Stage 1-determination that bullying has occurred

• If it is established by the relevant teacher that bullying has occurred, the relevant teacher must keep appropriate written records which will assist his/her efforts to resolve the issues and restore, as far as is

- practicable, the relationships of the parties involved. These records should be kept in the Duty Book or the teacher's diary.
- The school Principal in consultation with the relevant teacher/s will develop a protocol for the storage of all records retained by the relevant teacher some more serious incidents may require logging on the Aladdin system under 'Documents, Behaviour'. For less serious incidents which are quickly and easily resolved, the written documentation should be discarded after the academic year in question.

Formal Stage 2-Appendix 3 (From DES Procedures)

The relevant teacher must use the recording template at **Appendix 3** to record the bullying behaviour in the following circumstances:

- a) in cases where he/she considers that the bullying behaviour has not been adequately and appropriately addressed within 20 school days after he/she has determined that bullying behaviour occurred; and
- b) The school has decided as part of its anti-bullying policy, that in certain circumstances bullying behaviour must be recorded and reported immediately to the Principal or Deputy Principal.

When the recording template is used, it must be retained by the relevant teacher in question and a copy maintained by the Principal. The relevant teacher maintains the templates until he/she is satisfied that the issue is resolved. It can then be filed in a special filing cabinet and retained for ten years in accordance with Data Protection.

Established intervention strategies

- Teacher interviews with all pupils, engages in restorative interventions
- Principal/Deputy Principal engages in restorative interventions with the pupils involved, particularly where conflict arises regularly between pupils
- Negotiating agreements between pupils and following these up by monitoring progress. This can be on an informal basis or implemented through a more structured mediation process
- Working with parent(s)/guardian(s)s to support school interventions
- Circle Time and other in-class restorative interventions involving all class pupils
- Teacher observation on whether relationships have improved
- Implementing sociogram questionnaires and other in-direct means of assessing whether relationships have improved/dis-improved

The school's programme of support for working with pupils affected by bullying is as follows (see Section 6.8.16 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools):

- All in-school supports and opportunities will be provided for the pupils affected by bullying to participate in activities designed to raise their self-esteem, to develop friendships and social skills and build resilience e.g.
- Pastoral care system, Buddy / Peer mentoring system, Group work such as circle time and project work
- If pupils require counselling the school will advise parents/ guardians on how to access the same. This may be for the pupil affected by bullying or involved in the bullying behaviour.

Pupils should understand that there are no innocent bystanders and that all incidents of bullying behaviour must be reported to a teacher.

Supervision and Monitoring of Pupils:

The Board of Management confirms that appropriate supervision and monitoring policies and practices are in place to both prevent and deal with bullying behaviour and to facilitate early intervention where possible.

- Supervision begins at 8:45 each day. There are teachers on duty each morning.
- At sos and lón times teachers have specific areas to supervise. The Principal and Deputy Principal provide extra duty cover on a regular basis.
- The school has installed locks on the main exit doors. All visitors must report to the Secretary's office
- Children have to be signed out if leaving during the school day. If they return before school's end they have to return to the office and will be brought to their classroom.
- All members of staff are aware that bullying can occur at any time and in any part of the school and are therefore particularly vigilant throughout the day.
- All members of staff have a duty of care towards all pupils and every effort is made to create a positive school climate.
- Children are encouraged to go in pairs on all messages etc.
- Time will be spent on developing a positive school culture in all classes. The SEN team. will reinforce the S.P.H.E.. lessons being taught by the class teachers.
- The school has a Mobile Devices Policy no phones or other recording equipment may be used by pupils during school time or on school grounds.
- The school has an Acceptable Use Policy and
 - o All Internet sessions are supervised by a teacher
 - o The school regularly monitors pupils' Internet usage.
 - Pupils have been instructed to use only approved class accounts for email purposes and to use these only under teacher supervision.
 - Pupils have been instructed to access only those chat rooms, discussion forums and messaging or other electronic communication for that have been approved by the school.

Prevention of Harassment:

The Board of Management confirms that the school will, in accordance with its obligations under equality legislation, take all such steps that are reasonably practicable to prevent the sexual harassment of pupils or staff or the harassment of pupils or staff on any of the nine grounds specified i.e. gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller Community.

Communication with parents

This policy will be published on the school website.

IMPLEMENTATION AND REVIEW

| Date of Implementation: Immediately ReviewDate: December 2023 | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Chairperson: Dr. Patrick Connolly Acting Principal: Carmel Stokes | | | | | |
| The Board of Management ratified this policy on15/12/2022 | | | | | |
| All changes to this policy will be brought to the B.O.M. for ratification on a yearly basis. | | | | | |
| The school management team and the teachers will implement this policy. | | | | | |

Appendix 1: Practical tips for building a positive school culture and climate

The following are some practical tips for immediate actions that can be taken to help build a positive school culture and climate and to help prevent and tackle bullying behaviour.

- Model respectful behaviour to all members of the school community at all times.
- Explicitly teach pupils what respectful language and respectful behaviour looks like, acts like, sounds like and feels like in class and around the school.
- Display key respect messages in classrooms, in assembly areas and around the school. Involve pupils in the development of these messages.
- Catch them being good notice and acknowledge desired respectful behaviour by providing positive attention.
- Consistently tackle the use of discriminatory and derogatory language in the school this includes homophobic and racist language and language that is belittling of pupils with a disability or SEN.
- Give constructive feedback to pupils when respectful behaviour and respectful language are absent.
- Have a system of encouragement and rewards to promote desired behaviour and compliance with the school rules and routines.
- Explicitly teach pupils about the appropriate use of social media.
- Positively encourage pupils to comply with the school rules on mobile phone and internet use.
- Follow up and follow through with pupils who ignore the rules.
- Actively involve parents and/or the Parents' Association in awareness raising campaigns around social media.
- Actively promote the right of every member of the school community to be safe and secure in school.
- Highlight and explicitly teach school rules in pupil friendly language in the classroom and in common areas.
- All staff can actively watch out for signs of bullying behaviour.
- Ensure there is adequate playground/school yard/outdoor supervision.
- School staff can get pupils to help them to identify bullying "hot spots" and "hot times" for bullying in the school.
 - Hot spots tend to be in the playground/school yard/outdoor areas, changing rooms,
 corridors and other areas of unstructured supervision.
 - Hot times again tend to be times where there is less structured supervision such as when pupils are in the playground/school yard or moving classrooms.

• Support the establishment and work of student councils.

Appendix 2: Template for recording bullying behaviour

| 1. Name of pupil being bullied and class group | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------|--------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| Name | NameClass | | | | | | |
| 2. Name(s) and class(es) of pupil(s) engaged in bullying behaviour | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 3. Source of bul (tick relevant bo | lying concern/repor x(es))* | rt | | | 4. Location or relevant box(| of incidents (tick es))* | ı |
| Pupil concerned | | | | | Playground | | |
| Other Pupil | | | | | Classroom | | |
| Parent | | | | | Corridor | | |
| Teacher | | | | | Toilets | | |
| Other | | | | | School Bus | | |
| | | | | | Other | | |
| 5. Name of pers | son(s) who reporte | d the bul | llying | concern | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 6. Type of Bully | ring Behaviour (tick | k relevan | t box(| (es)) * | | | |
| Physical Aggres | | | | er-bullyin | ıg | | |
| Damage to Prop | | | Intii | nidation | | | |
| Isolation/Exclus | ion | | Mal | Malicious Gossip | | | |
| Name Calling | | | Oth | Other (specify) | | | |
| | | ! | | | | | |
| 7. Where beha | viour is regarded a | as identi | ty-bas | sed bullyi | ng, indicate th | e relevant categor | y : |
| Homophobic | Disability/SEN related | Racist | | Membership of Traveller community | | Other (specify) | |
| 0 D.: (D | d'an a Chaille in a la | .1 | | ·4 • | | | |
| 8. Brief Descrip | otion of bullying be | enaviour | and | its impac | t | | |
| l | | | | | | | |
| l | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 9. Details of a | actions taken | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| G: 1 | | | /T | | 1) 5 | | |
| Signed | Signed (Relevant Teacher) Date | | | | | | |
| Date submitted to Principal/Deputy Principal | | | | | | | |

* Note: The categories listed in the tables 3, 4 & 6 are suggested and schools may add to or amend these to suit their own circumstances.

Appendix 3: Checklist for annual review of the anti-bullying policy and its implementation

The Board of Management (the Board) must undertake an annual review of the school's anti-bullying policy and its implementation. The following checklist must be used for this purpose. The checklist is an aid to conducting this review and is not intended as an exhaustive list. In order to complete the checklist, an examination and review involving both quantitative and qualitative analysis, as appropriate across the various elements of the implementation of the school's anti-bullying policy will be required.

Yes /No

| Has the Board formally adopted an anti-bullying policy that fully complies with the requirements of the <i>Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools</i> ? | Yes |
|--|-----|
| Has the Board published the policy on the school website and provided a copy to the parents' association? | Yes |
| Has the Board ensured that the policy has been made available to school staff (including new staff)? | Yes |
| Is the Board satisfied that school staff are sufficiently familiar with the policy and procedures to enable them to effectively and consistently apply the policy and procedures in their day to day work? | Yes |
| Has the Board ensured that the policy has been adequately communicated to all pupils? | Yes |
| Has the policy documented the prevention and education strategies that the school applies? | Yes |
| Have all of the prevention and education strategies been implemented? | Yes |
| Has the effectiveness of the prevention and education strategies that have been implemented been examined? | Yes |
| Is the Board satisfied that all teachers are recording and dealing with incidents in accordance with the policy? | Yes |
| Has the Board received and minuted the periodic summary reports of the Principal? | Yes |
| Has the Board discussed how well the school is handling all reports of bullying including those addressed at an early stage and not therefore included in the Principal's periodic report to the Board? | Yes |
| Has the Board received any complaints from parents regarding the school's handling of bullying incidents? | No |
| Have any parents withdrawn their child from the school citing dissatisfaction with the school's handling of a bullying situation? | No |
| Have any Ombudsman for Children investigations into the school's handling of a bullying case been initiated or completed? | No |
| Has the data available from cases reported to the Principal (by the bullying recording template) been analysed to identify any issues, trends or patterns in bullying behaviour? | Yes |
| Has the Board identified any aspects of the school's policy and/or its implementation that require further improvement? | No |

| Has the Board put in place an action plan to address | s any areas for improvement? | N/A at pres ent |
|--|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| SignedChairperson, Board of Management | Date | |
| Signed Acting Principal | Date | |
| Notification regarding the Board of Manag policy | gement's annual review o | f the anti-bullying |
| To:Monaleen Nati | onal Schoolv | vishes to inform you that: |
| The Board of Management's annual review of the implementation was completed at the Board mee [date]. | | |
| o This review was conducted in accordance with the Department's <i>Anti-Bullying Procedures for Prima</i> | | x 4 of the |
| SignedChairperson, Board of Management | Date | |
| SignedActing Principal | Date | |